Airborne Particles: ISO 14644-1

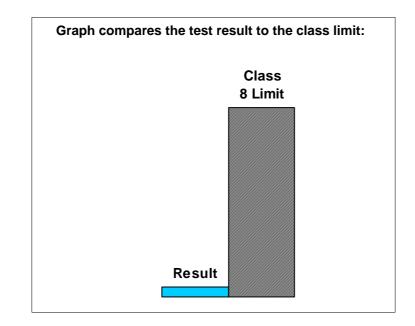
Sampler ID: 132695	Test Start:	01.01.2023
Report Date: 18.02.202	4 Test End:	01.06.2023
	Exposure:	151 Days

SCOPE:

This report corresponds to ISO 14644-1 which is a widely accepted standard for qualifying indoor air cleanliness in terms of the concentration of airborne particles per cubic meter.

TEST RESULT:

15.48% of ISO 14644-1 Class 8



Recommendations:

ISO 14644-1 Class 9: General indoor rooms.

ISO 14644-1 Class 8: Data centers, mission critical facilities, technology spaces and electronic equipment.

ISO 14644-1 Class 7: Biopharma products, sterile pharmaceuticals, electronics components, medical devices and implants; and the maintenance of sensitive aviation and avionics systems.

Use of this service subject to TERMS at www.airgerm.com. Manufactured by: Technology Care LLC, Birmensdorferstrasse 467, 8055 Zurich Switzerland Tel. 044 450 85 60, E-Mail contact@technologycare.com, www.technologycare.com © Technology Care LLC - All rights reserved - Intl. Patent Pending

Sampler ID: 132695	Test Start:	01.01.2023
Report Date: 18.02.2024	Test End:	01.06.2023
	Exposure:	151 Days

SCOPE:

This test shows the actual amount of corrosion which occurred on the copper metal coupon. Test results correspond to ANSI/ISA-71.04 which is an internationally accepted standard that categorizes copper corrosion in relation to the deployment and reliability of electronic equipment.

TEST RESULTS:

Equipment Reliability Correlation based on ANSI/ISA-71.04 Standard for copper reactivity.

Copper: 359 Angstroms/30 Days Test result corresponds to severity level G2 - Moderate (European standard EN 60721-3-3 Level 3C2). An environment in which the effects of corrosion are measurable and may be a factor in determining equipment reliability.

Expected Corrosive Gas Concentrations:

H2S	3 - 10 ppb
SO2,SO3	10 - 100 ppb
Cl2	1 - 2 ppb
NOx	50 - 125 ppb

Name	Symbol	Information	
Hydrogen Sulfide	H2S	Hydrogen sulfide (H ₂ S) is a colourless gas with a characteristic odour of rotten eggs which being denser than air may pool in low areas in still conditions. Sources: Hydrogen sulfide occurs naturally in some environments such as sulfur springs, swamps and salt marshes, and is often associated with the decomposition of organic material. Human activities and industries that may produce hydrogen sulfide include: sewage treatment plants and farming operations.	
Sulfur Dioxide	Sulfur dioxide has a pungent, irritating odour, familiar as the smell of a jus Sources: The largest source of SO ₂ in the atmosphere is the burning of for power plants and other industrial facilities. Smaller sources of SO ₂ emission industrial processes such as extracting metal from ore; natural sources su volcanoes; and locomotives, ships and other vehicles and heavy equipme fuel with a high sulfur content.		
Chlorine, Chlorine Dioxide	CI2, CIO2	Chlorine gas can be recognized by its pungent, irritating odor, which is like the odor of bleach. Sources: Aluminum manufacture, paper mills, refuse decomposition, cleaning products.	
Oxides of Nitrogen	NOx	Pungent odour. Sources: Automobile emissions, fossil fuel combustion, microbes, chemical industry.	

ANSI/ISA -71.04 Corrosion Severity Levels:

Severity Level	Copper Corrosion	Description
G1 - Mild	<300 Angstroms / 30 days	Sufficiently well controlled, corrosion is not a factor.
G2 - Moderate		Effects of corrosion are measurable and may be a factor.
G3 - Harsh	<2000 Angstroms / 30 days	High probability that corrosive attack will occur.
GX - Severe		Only specially designed and packaged equipment would be expected to survive.

Use of this service subject to TERMS at www.technologycare.com. Manufactured by: Technology Care LLC, Birmensdorferstrasse 467, 8055 Zurich Switzerland Tel. 044 450 85 60, E-Mail contact@technologycare.com, www.technologycare.com © Technology Care LLC - All rights reserved - Intl. Patents Pending